

CONSERVATIVE INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Basic information:

Reference currency	EUR
Minimum one-time investment	€5,000
Recommended holding period	At least 5 years
Optimum portfolio structure	75% conservative component, 25% dynamic component

Investment restrictions:

- Maximum share of equity component investments 30%
- Maximum share of bond component investments 80%
- Maximum cash share 10%
- The share of a single instrument in the portfolio must not exceed a weighting of 25%
- The strategy includes reinvesting of returns

Risk indicator:

- Product classification: 3 (SRRI)

The conservative investment strategy is intended for Clients with a slightly higher risk aversion, whose holding period is at least 5 years. Investors seek a higher return compared to classic savings products and, at the same time, they are willing and able to assume the risk. They are aware that a change in the holding period may significantly contribute to increased likelihood of a negative investment result.

Investment strategy objectives:

The strategy aims to achieve returns through investments in selected ETFs (exchange-traded funds). No investments are made in non-ETFs. **The conservative strategy** is based on medium-term holding periods with an optimum 75/25 portfolio distribution (75% conservative component, 25% dynamic component), while the portfolio structure should not exceed the 70/30 ratio (70% conservative component, 30% dynamic component). **The conservative strategy** aims to achieve an above-average return (compared to bank deposits and other forms of savings).

The conservative component includes bond ETFs that invest in bonds with shorter, intermediate and longer-term bonds. This component is diversified geographically, investing primarily in corporate bonds, and to a lesser extent in government bonds. It focuses on both investment-grade and non-investment-grade bonds. Investments in US or in emerging markets may not be hedged in euros, although the strategy, internally hedged instruments are preferred in the selection process.



<u>The dynamic component</u> includes equity ETFs or equity funds that are fully governed by ESG principles. These may be index or actively managed ETFs or funds. The component is diversified geographically and by sector. It may include factor ETFs or different ETFs focusing on different investment strategies (size, momentum, quality, growth, value, minimum volatility).

The conservative investment strategy is actively managed. Allocations may change based on market conditions or when switching between ETF alternatives while preserving the defined portfolio's strategy, allocation and diversification. The portfolio may be structured differently from the optimum allocation and individual components may be 5% share of the entire portfolio against their target allocation.

Risks and Scenarios:

The return of any invested amount is not guaranteed and past income is no guarantee of future income. The risk indicator has been calculated under the assumption of compliance with the holding period. Actual risks may significantly differ should the strategy be to sell before the end of the recommended holding period.

Investment €10,000

A favorable scenario - expected balance after costs	14 761,32 €
Income/loss:	+8,10% p.a.
Neutral scenario - expected balance after costs	12 134,44 €
Income/loss:	+3,95% p.a.
Unfavorable scenario - expected balance after costs	9 850,55 €
Income/loss:	-0,30% p.a.
Stress scenario - expected balance after costs	8 008,88 €
Income/loss:	-4,34% p.a.

The table shows an example of the expected return you may achieve during the recommended holding period if you invest €10,000. The actual return may be lower.

The above scenarios only estimate future returns based on previous 10-year returns on financial markets. Your investment may perform differently depending on how long you follow the strategy. The scenarios may not factor in all costs and total costs may also differ depending on the selected broker.



CONSERVATIVE ESG INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Basic information:

Reference currency	EUR	
Minimum one-time investment	€5,000	
Recommended holding period	At least 5 years	
Optimum portfolio structure	75% bond component, 25% equity component	

Investment restrictions:

- Maximum share of equity component investments 30%
- Maximum share of bond component investments 80%
- Maximum cash share 10%
- The strategy includes reinvesting of returns
- The share of a single instrument in the portfolio must not exceed a weighting of 25%

Ukazovateľ rizika:

Product classification: 3 (SRRI)

The conservative ESG investment strategy is intended for Clients with a slightly higher risk aversion, whose holding period is at least 5 years. Investors seek a higher return compared to classic savings products and, at the same time, they are willing and able to assume the risk. They are aware that a change in the holding period may significantly contribute to increased likelihood of a negative investment result.

Investment strategy objectives:

The strategy aims to achieve returns through investments in selected ETFs (exchange-traded funds). No investments are made in non-ETFs. **The conservative ESG strategy** is based on medium-term holding periods with an optimum 75/25 portfolio distribution (75% bond component, 25% equity component), where the portfolio structure should not exceed the 70/30 ratio (70% bond component, 30% equity component). **The conservative ESG strategy** aims to achieve an above-average return (compared to bank deposits or other forms of savings).

The portfolio's bond component consists of bond ETFs investing only in companies that consider ESG aspects in their business. The conservative component includes bond ETFs that invest in bonds with shorter, intermediate and longer-term bonds. This component is diversified geographically, investing primarily in corporate bonds, and to a lesser extent in government bonds. It focuses on both investment-grade and non-investment-grade bonds.



Investments in US or in emerging markets may not be hedged in euros, although the strategy internally hedged instruments are preferred in the selection process.

<u>The dynamic component</u> includes equity ETFs or equity funds that are fully governed by ESG principles. These may be index or actively managed ETFs or funds. The component is diversified geographically and by sector. It may include factor ETFs or different ETFs focusing on different investment strategies (size, momentum, quality, growth, value, minimum volatility).

The conservative ESG investment strategy is actively managed. Allocations may change based on market conditions or when switching between ETF alternatives while preserving the defined portfolio's strategy, allocation and diversification. The portfolio may be structured differently from the optimum allocation and individual components may be 5% share of the entire portfolio against their target allocation.

Risks and Scenarios:

The return of any invested amount is not guaranteed and past income is no guarantee of future income. The risk indicator has been calculated under the assumption of compliance with the holding period. Actual risks may significantly differ should the strategy be to sell before the end of the recommended holding period.

Investment €10,000

A favorable scenario - expected balance after costs	13 622,59 €
Income/loss:	+6,38% p.a.
Neutral scenario - expected balance after costs	11 715,95 €
Income/loss:	+3,22% p.a.
Unfavorable scenario - expected balance after costs	10 065,61 €
Income/loss:	+0,13% p.a.
Stress scenario - expected balance after costs	8 054,44 €
Income/loss:	-4,23% p.a.

The table shows an example of the expected return you may achieve during the recommended holding period if you invest €10,000. The actual return may be lower.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES ONE-TIME INVESTING



Investments

The above scenarios represent only future return estimates based on previous performance on financial markets. Your investment may perform differently depending on how long you follow the strategy. The scenarios may not factor in all costs and total costs may also differ depending on the selected broker.



BALANCED INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Basic information:

Reference currency	EUR
Minimum one-time investment	€5,000
Recommended holding period	At least 10 years
Optimum portfolio structure	50% conservative component, 50% dynamic component

Investment restrictions:

- Maximum share of equity component investments 60%
- Maximum share of bond component investments 60%
- Maximum cash share 10%
- The share of a single instrument in the portfolio must not exceed a weighting of 25%
- The strategy includes reinvesting of returns

Risk indicator:

- Product classification: 4 (SRRI)

The balanced investment strategy is intended for Clients with a lower risk aversion, whose holding period is at least 10 years. Investors seek a higher return and are willing and able to assume risk. They are aware that a change in the holding period may significantly contribute to increased likelihood of a negative investment result.

Investment strategy objectives:

The strategy aims to achieve returns through investments in selected ETFs (exchange-traded funds). No investments are made in non-ETFs. **The balanced investment strategy** is based on medium to long-term holding periods with an optimum 50/50 portfolio distribution (50% conservative component, 50% dynamic component), while the portfolio's structure should not exceed the 40/60 ratio (40% conservative component, 60% dynamic component). **The balanced strategy** aims to achieve a higher yield appreciation potential at a higher volatility level.

The conservative component includes bond ETFs that invest in bonds with shorter, intermediate and longer-term bonds. This component is diversified geographically, investing primarily in corporate bonds, and to a lesser extent in government bonds. It focuses on both investment-grade and non-investment-grade bonds. Investments in US or in emerging markets may not be hedged in euros, although the strategy internally hedged instruments are preferred in the selection process.

The dynamic component includes equity ETFs or equity funds that are fully governed by ESG



principles. These may be index or actively managed ETFs or funds. The component is diversified geographically and by sector. It may include factor ETFs or different ETFs focusing on different investment strategies (size, momentum, quality, growth, value, minimum volatility).

The balanced investment strategy is actively managed. Allocations may change based on market conditions or when switching between ETF alternatives while preserving the defined portfolio's strategy, allocation and diversification. The portfolio may be structured differently from the optimum allocation and individual components may be 10% share of the entire portfolio against their target allocation.

Risks and Scenarios:

The return of any invested amount is not guaranteed and past income is no guarantee of future income. The risk indicator has been calculated under the assumption of compliance with the holding period. Actual risks may significantly differ should the strategy be to sell before the end of the recommended holding period.

Investment €10,000

A favorable scenario - expected balance after costs	26 391,90 €
Income/loss:	+10,19% p.a.
Neutral scenario - expected balance after costs	18 018,08 €
Income/loss:	+6,06% p.a.
Unfavorable scenario - expected balance after costs	12 267,21 €
Income/loss:	+2,06% p.a.
Stress scenario - expected balance after costs	6 111,37 €
Income/loss:	-4,81% p.a.

The table shows an example of the expected return you may achieve during the recommended holding period if you invest €10,000. The actual return may be lower.

The above scenarios represent only future return estimates based on previous performance on financial markets. Your investment may perform differently depending on how long you follow the strategy.



BALANCED ESG INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Basic information:

Reference currency	EUR	
Minimum one-time investment	€5,000	
Recommended holding period	At least 10 years	
Optimum portfolio structure	50% bond component, 50% equity component	

Investment restrictions:

- Maximum share of equity component investments 60%
- Maximum share of bond component investments 60%
- Maximum cash share 10%
- The strategy includes reinvesting of returns
- The share of a single instrument in the portfolio must not exceed a weighting of 25%

Risk indicator:

- Product classification: 4 (SRRI)

The balanced ESG investment strategy is intended for Clients with a lower risk aversion, whose holding period is at least 10 years. Investors seek a higher return and are willing and able to assume risk. They are aware that a change in the holding period may significantly contribute to increased likelihood of a negative investment result.

Investment strategy objectives:

The strategy aims to achieve returns through investments in selected ETFs (exchange-traded funds). No investments are made in non-ETFs. **The balanced ESG strategy** is based on medium to long-term holding periods with an optimum 50/50 portfolio distribution (50% bond component, 50% equity component); the portfolio structure should not exceed the 40/60 ratio (40% bond component, 60% equity component). **The balanced ESG strategy** aims to achieve a higher yield appreciation potential at a higher volatility level.

<u>The portfolio's bond component</u> consists of bond ETFs investing only in companies that consider ESG aspects in their business. The conservative component includes bond ETFs that invest in bonds with shorter, intermediate and longer-term bonds. This component is diversified geographically, investing primarily in corporate bonds, and to a lesser extent in government bonds. It focuses on both investment-grade and non-investment-grade bonds.



Investments in US or in emerging markets may not be hedged in euros, although the strategy internally hedged instruments are preferred in the selection process.

<u>The dynamic component</u> includes equity ETFs or equity funds that are fully governed by ESG principles. These may be index or actively managed ETFs or funds. The component is diversified geographically and by sector. It may include factor ETFs or different ETFs focusing on different investment strategies (size, momentum, quality, growth, value, minimum volatility).

The balanced ESG investment strategy is actively managed. Allocations may change based on market conditions or when switching between ETF alternatives while preserving the defined portfolio's strategy, allocation and diversification. The portfolio may be structured differently from the optimum allocation and individual components may 10% share of the entire portfolio against their target allocation.

Risks and Scenarios:

The return of any invested amount is not guaranteed and past income is no guarantee of future income. The risk indicator has been calculated under the assumption of compliance with the holding period. Actual risks may significantly differ should the strategy be to sell before the end of the recommended holding period.

Investment €10,000

25 811,09€
+9,95% p.a.
17 160,56 €
+5,55% p.a.
11 375,97 €
+1,30% p.a.
6 188,93 €
-4,68% p.a.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES ONE-TIME INVESTING



Investments

The table shows an example of the expected return you may achieve during the recommended holding period if you invest €10,000. The actual return may be lower.

The above scenarios represent only future return estimates based on previous performance on financial markets. Your investment may perform differently depending on how long you follow the strategy.



DYNAMIC INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Basic information:

Reference currency	EUR
Minimum one-time investment	€5,000
Recommended holding period	At least 15 years
Optimum portfolio structure	0% conservative component, 100% dynamic component

Investment restrictions:

- Minimum share of equity component investments 80%
- Maximum share of bond component investments 20%
- Maximum cash share 10%
- The share of a single instrument in the portfolio must not exceed a weighting of 25%
- The strategy includes reinvesting of returns

Risk indicator:

- Product classification: 5 (SRRI)

The dynamic investment strategy is intended for Clients with a low risk aversion, whose holding period is at least 15 years. Investors seek high returns and are willing and able to bear increased risk. They are aware that a change in the holding period may significantly contribute to increased likelihood of a negative investment result.

Investment strategy objectives:

The strategy aims to achieve returns through investments in selected funds and ETFs (exchange-traded funds). No investments are made in non-ETFs. **The dynamic investment strategy** is based on long-term holdings and an optimum 0/100 portfolio structure (0% conservative component, 100% dynamic component). An alternative component may be also used to reach the strategy's goals. **The dynamic investment strategy** aims to achieve a high yield potential at a high volatility level.

<u>The conservative component</u> includes bond ETFs that invest in bonds with shorter, intermediate and longer-term bonds. This component is diversified geographically, investing primarily in corporate bonds, and to a lesser extent in government bonds. It focuses on both investment-grade and non-investment-grade bonds. Investments in US or in emerging markets may not be hedged in euros, although the strategy internally hedged instruments are preferred in the selection process.

<u>The dynamic component</u> includes equity ETFs or equity funds that are fully governed by ESG principles. These may be index or actively managed ETFs or funds. The component is diversified geographically and by sector. It may include factor ETFs or different ETFs focusing



on different investment strategies (size, momentum, quality, growth, value, minimum volatility).

<u>The dynamic component</u> contains ETFs or funds investing in commodities or real estate. The dynamic component may also purchase ETFs with special strategies (long short ETFs).

The dynamic investment strategy is actively managed. Allocations may change based on market conditions or when switching between ETF alternatives while preserving the defined portfolio's strategy, allocation and diversification. The portfolio allocation may differ from the optimal allocation and individual components may be overweighted or underweighted by 20%.

Risks and Scenarios:

The return of any invested amount is not guaranteed and past income is no guarantee of future income. The risk indicator has been calculated under the assumption of compliance with the holding period. Actual risks may significantly differ should the strategy be to sell before the end of the recommended holding period.

Investment €10,000

A favorable scenario - expected balance after costs	77 973,15€
Income/loss:	+14,67% p.a.
Neutral scenario - expected balance after costs	30 350,39 €
Income/loss:	+7,68% p.a.
Unfavorable scenario - expected balance after costs	11 446,76 €
Income/loss:	+0,90% p.a.
Stress scenario - expected balance after costs	2 834,60 €
Income/loss:	-8,06% p.a.

The table shows an example of the expected return you may achieve during the recommended holding period if you invest €10,000. The actual return may be lower.

The above scenarios represent only future return estimates based on previous performance on financial markets. Your investment may perform differently depending on how long you follow the strategy.



THEMATIC ESG INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Basic information:

Reference currency	EUR
Minimum one-time investment	€5,000
Recommended holding period	At least 15 years
Optimum portfolio structure	100% equity component

Investment restrictions:

- Maximum share of equity component investments 100%
- Maximum cash share 10%
- The strategy includes reinvesting of returns
- The share of a single instrument in the portfolio must not exceed a weighting of 25%

Risk indicator:

- Product classification: 5 (SRRI)

The thematic ESG investment strategy is intended for clients with a low risk aversion, whose holding period is at least 15 years. Investors seek high returns and are willing and able to bear an increased risk. They are aware that a change in the holding period may significantly contribute to increased likelihood of a negative investment result.

Investment strategy objectives:

The Thematic Strategy is a dynamic portfolio with a 100% representation of sustainable equities through ETFs. The portfolio is made up of thematic investments that are alternatives to traditional investment strategies. The key drivers are a focus on the sources of future growth, global challenges, structural change and the megatrends of the coming decades. The 4 main megatrends that have been identified as the most important for the future of society are demographics, environment, digitalization and global change. Individual topics from these megatrends are selected for the portfolio based on long-term potential and current situation as well as adoption rates or other fundamentals.

Risks and Scenarios:

The return of any invested amount is not guaranteed and past income is no guarantee of future income. The risk indicator has been calculated under the assumption of compliance with the holding period. Actual risks may significantly differ should the strategy be to sell before the end of the recommended holding period.



Investment €10,000		
A favorable scenario - expected balance after costs	122 706,29 €	
Income/loss:	+18,19% p.a.	
Neutral scenario - expected balance after costs	36 774,63 €	
Income/loss:	+9,07% p.a.	
Unfavorable scenario - expected balance after costs	10 551,00 €	
Income/loss:	+0,36% p.a.	
Stress scenario - expected balance after costs	2 094,68 €	
Income/loss:	-9,90% p.a.	

The table shows an example of the expected return you may achieve during the recommended holding period if you invest €10,000. The actual return may be lower.

The above scenarios represent only future return estimates based on previous performance on financial markets. Your investment may perform differently depending on how long you follow the strategy.



DYNAMIC ESG INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Basic information:

Reference currency	EUR
Minimum one-time investment	€5,000
Recommended holding period	At least 15 years
Optimum portfolio structure	100% equity component, 0% bond component

Investment restrictions:

- Minimum share of equity component investments 80%
- Maximum cash share 10%
- Maximum share of bond component investments 20%
- The strategy includes reinvesting of returns
- The share of a single instrument in the portfolio must not exceed a weighting of 25%

Risk indicator:

- Product classification: 5 (SRRI)

The ESG investment strategy is intended for Clients whose holding period is at least 15 years. Investors willing and able to bear increased risk in order to seek high returns. They are aware that a change in the holding period may significantly contribute to increased likelihood of a negative investment result. They want to reach their objective by investing in socially responsible companies that operate outside controversial sectors. The dynamic investment strategy is actively managed. The strategy's structure may change based on market conditions or upon switching between ETF alternatives while preserving the strategy, allocation and diversification of the defined portfolio. The distribution of the portfolio may differ from the optimal allocation and individual components may be overweighted or underweighted by 20%. The dynamic investment strategy aims to achieve a high yield potential at a high volatility level.

Investment strategy objectives:

The conservative component includes bond ETFs that invest in bonds with shorter, intermediate and longer-term bonds. This component is diversified geographically, investing primarily in corporate bonds, and to a lesser extent in government bonds. It focuses on both investment-grade and non-investment-grade bonds. Investments in US or in emerging markets may not be hedged in euros, although the strategy internally hedged instruments are preferred in the selection process.



The dynamic component includes equity ETFs or equity funds that are fully governed by ESG principles. These may be index or actively managed ETFs or funds. The component is diversified geographically and by sector. It may include factor ETFs or different ETFs focusing on different investment strategies (size, momentum, quality, growth, value, minimum volatility).

Risks and Scenarios:

The return of any invested amount is not guaranteed and past income is no guarantee of future income. The risk indicator has been calculated under the assumption of compliance with the holding period. Actual risks may significantly differ should the strategy be to sell before the end of the recommended holding period.

Investment €10,000

A favorable scenario - expected balance after costs	65 895,39 €
Income/loss:	+13,39% p.a.
Neutral scenario - expected balance after costs	29 326,53 €
Income/loss:	+7,44% p.a.
Unfavorable scenario - expected balance after costs	12 942,11 €
Income/loss:	+1,73% p.a.
Stress scenario - expected balance after costs	2 929,24 €
Income/loss:	-7,86% p.a.

The table shows an example of the expected return you may achieve during the recommended holding period if you invest €10,000. The actual return may be lower.

The above scenarios represent only future return estimates based on previous performance on financial markets. Your investment may perform differently depending on how long you follow the strategy.



FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS INCLUDED IN ONE-TIME INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

NAME	ISIN
Amundi Index Euro Corporate Sr	LU1437018168
Amundi Index MSCI Europe SRI U	LU1861137484
Amundi Index MSCI USA SRI UCIT	LU2153616599
Amundi Index MSCI World SRI UC	LU1861134382
Amundi Msci Emerging ESG Leaders	LU2109787551
iShares Ageing Population	IEOOBYZK4669
iShares Automation & Robotics	IEOOBYZK4552
iShares Digitalisation UCITS ETF	IEOOBYZK4883
iShares EDGE MSCI EM MIN VOL	IEOOB8KGV557
iShares EDGE MSCI ERP MINVOL	IEOOB86MWN23
iShares EDGE S&P500 MINVOL EUR-H	IEOOBYX8XD24
iShares EUR High Yield Corp Bo	IEOOBJK55C48
iShares EURO HY CORP EUR ACC	IEOOBF3N7094
iShares Healthcare Innovation	IEOOBYZK4776
iShares JPM USD EM BND EUR-H	IEOOBJ5JPH63
iShares MSCI EM SRI UCITS ETF	IEOOBYVJRP78
iShares MSCI Europe SRI UCITS	IEOOB52VJ196
iShares MSCI USA SRI UCITS ETF	IEOOBYVJRR92
iShares US AGG BND EUR-H A	IEOOBDFJYM28
iShares USD Development Bank B	IEOOBMCZLHO6
iShares USD High Yield Corp Bo	IE00BMDFDY08
PIMCO STHY CORP H-EUR ACC	IEOOBD26N851
UBS Lux Fund Solutions - Bloom	LU1215461325
UBS Lux Fund Solutions - J.P.	LU1974696418
UBS Lux Fund Solutions - MSCI	LU1273488715
X EUR CORPORATE BOND	LU0478205379

PARTNERS INVESTMENTS, o.c.p., a.s.,



FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS INCLUDED IN ONE-TIME INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

NAME	ISIN
X MSCI JAPAN EUR	LU0659580079
Xtrackers MSCI Japan ESG UCITS	IEOOBG36TC12
ISHARES ESG USD EM BD EUR-HA	IEOOBKP5L730
ISHARES EURO GOVT CLIM EUR A	IE00BLDGH553
JPM EUR CORP REI 1-5 ESG ETF	IEOOBF59RW70
AMUNDI MSCI NORTH AMERICA ES	IEOOOMYCJA42
AMUNDI S&P 500 ESG UCITS ACC	IE000KXCEXR3
UBS ETF MSCI PACIFIC SRI ACC	LU0950674928
AM MSCI EX CHINA ESG SELECT	LU2345046655
UBS ETF W SCSR USD ACC	IEOOBKSCBX74
ISHARES MSCI WLD VAL ESG UA	IE000H1H16W5
ISHARES MSCI WLD MMTM ESG UA	IEOOOL5NW549
X ARTIFICIAL INTEL BIG DA 1C	IEOOBGV5VN51
SPDR BBG EM LCL BD-ACC	IEOOBFWFPY67
ISHARES EURO CORP 1-5YR	IE000F6G1DE0
VANG FTSE NA USDA	IEOOBK5BQW1O
SPDR S&P 500 UCITS ETF ACC	IEOOOXZSV718
AMDI STOXX EUROPE 600 ACC	LU0908500753
AM MSCI EMERG EX CHINA-ETF A	LU2009202107
ISHARES MSCI WLD SMALL CAP	IEOOBF4RFH31
ISHARES EDGE MSCI WRLD VALUE	IEOOBP3QZB59
ISHR EDGE MSCI WRLD MOMENTUM	IEOOBP3QZ825
AM S&P G HEALTH CAR ETF DR U	IEOOO6FM6MI8
ISHARES GLOBAL WATER USD ACC	IE000CFH1JX2
FT NSDQ CLN EDG SMRT GRID	IEOOOJ80JTL1
RIZE CYBERSECURITY UCITS ETF	IEOOBJXRZJ40
X FUTURE MOBILITY 1C	IEOOBGV5VR99

PARTNERS INVESTMENTS, o.c.p., a.s.,



FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS INCLUDED IN ONE-TIME INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

NAME	ISIN	
ISHARES MSCI GLB SEMICNDCT A	IEOOOI8KRLL9	
WT BLOCKCHAIN UCITS ETF USDA	IEOOO940RNE6	
AXA ACT BIODIVERSITY EQUCITS	IEOOOSBHVL31	
RIZE ENVIRONMENTAL ETF	IEOOBLRPRRO4	
VANG ESG FTSE APAC ACC	IE000GOJO2A3	
AMUNDI STOXX EUROPE 600 ESG	LU1681040223	
WT BLOCKCHAIN UCITS ETF USDA AXA ACT BIODIVERSITY EQUCITS RIZE ENVIRONMENTAL ETF VANG ESG FTSE APAC ACC	IEOOO940RNE6 IEOOOSBHVL31 IEOOBLRPRRO4 IEOOOGOJO2A3	

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES ONE-TIME INVESTING



INVESTMENT RISKS

A list of risks that may affect investment development.

Market risk

Market risk relates to the global development on financial markets, immediately affecting values of individual asset types included in the portfolio. Depending on the nature of the market factor that can cause a change in the value of a given investment asset, market risk is mainly understood as interest rate, currency and equity risk. Other significant risks include liquidity, operational, legal, and political risks.

Currency risk

Currency risk relates to changes in the value of an asset expressed in euro due to exchange rate changes between the euro and another currency in which this asset is denominated. The value of an asset denominated in a currency other than the euro and expressed in euro increases when the exchange rate of this currency strengthens against the euro. The value of an asset denominated in a currency other than the euro and expressed in euro decreases when the exchange rate of this currency weakens against the euro. The degree of currency risk depends primarily on the current percentage in the portfolio of the assets invested in a currency other than the euro. An investment strategy may invest in financial instruments denominated in currencies other than the euro.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of loss due to market interest rate fluctuations. They may affect primarily the bond components of portfolios. A rise in financial market interest rates decreases the value of financial debt instruments in the portfolio. On the other hand, a fall in financial market interest rates increases the value of financial debt instruments in the portfolio. In addition to interest rate risk, performance of a financial debt instrument is also affected by credit risk. It means the risk of loss due to a debtor's failure to meet their obligations under agreed terms and conditions. The degree of risk depends on the issuer's economic situation. The portfolio's interest rate and credit risks are managed by managing the portfolio duration, the portfolio's average maturity, and by investment limits restricting riskier asset types.

Equity risk

Equity risk means the risk of an adverse change in the market prices of equity investment instruments and/or financial derivates related to such instruments. The source of the risk is trading in equity instruments.

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Investments

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is associated with the inability to convert a specific investment instrument to cash at the required price or to purchase or sell an investment instrument at the desired time or volume.

Operational risk

Operational risk closely relates to portfolio administration errors caused by a management company, depository, securities dealer or external business partners.

Legal and Political Risks

This primarily means the risk of change in the tax systems or legislation of countries where issuers of the financial instruments included in the portfolio operate.